

KidsHealth.org

The most-visited site devoted to children's health and development

Healthy Eating

Whether you have a toddler or a teen, here are five of the best strategies to improve nutrition and encourage smart eating habits:

- 1. Have regular family meals.
- 2. Serve a variety of healthy foods and snacks.
- 3. Be a role model by eating healthy yourself.
- 4. Avoid battles over food.
- 5. Involve kids in the process.

Sure, eating well can be hard — family schedules are hectic and grab-and-go convenience food is readily available. But our tips can help make all five strategies part of your busy household.

Family Meals

Family meals are a comforting ritual for both parents and kids. Children like the predictability of family meals and parents get a chance to catch up with their kids. Kids who take part in regular family meals are also:

- more likely to eat fruits, vegetables, and grains
- less likely to snack on unhealthy foods
- less likely to smoke, use marijuana, or drink alcohol

Also, family meals are a chance for parents to introduce kids to new foods and to be role models for healthy eating.

Teens may turn up their noses at the prospect of a family meal - not surprising because they're busy and want to be more independent. Yet studies find that teens still want their parents' advice and counsel, so use mealtime as a chance to reconnect.

You might also try these tips:

- Let kids invite a friend to dinner.
- Involve your child in meal planning and preparation.
- Keep mealtime calm and friendly no lectures or arguing.

What counts as a family meal? Whenever you and your family eat together — whether it's takeout food or a home-cooked meal with all the trimmings. Strive for nutritious food and a time when everyone can be there. This may mean eating dinner a little later to accommodate a teen who's at sports practice. It also can mean setting aside time on the weekends when it may be more convenient to gather as a group, such as for Sunday brunch.

Stock Up on Healthy Foods

Kids, especially younger ones, will eat mostly what's available at home. That's why it's important to control the supply lines — the foods that you serve for meals and have on hand for snacks.

Follow these basic guidelines:

- Work fruits and vegetables into the daily routine, aiming for the goal of at least five servings a day. Be sure you serve fruit or vegetables at every meal.
- Make it easy for kids to choose healthy snacks by keeping fruits and vegetables on hand and ready to eat. Other good snacks include low-fat yogurt, peanut butter and celery, or whole-grain crackers and

1 of 3 6/29/2020, 12:02 PM

cheese.

- Serve lean meats and other good sources of protein, such as fish, eggs, beans, and nuts.
- Choose whole-grain breads and cereals so kids get more fiber.
- Limit fat intake by avoiding fried foods and choosing healthier cooking methods, such as broiling, grilling, roasting, and steaming. Choose low-fat or nonfat dairy products.
- Limit fast food and low-nutrient snacks, such as chips and candy. But don't completely ban favorite snacks from your home. Instead, make them "once-in-a-while" foods, so kids don't feel deprived.
- Limit sugary drinks, such as soda and fruit-flavored drinks. Serve water and low-fat milk instead.

Be a Role Model

The best way for you to encourage healthy eating is to eat well yourself. Kids will follow the lead of the adults they see every day. By eating fruits and vegetables and not overindulging in the less nutritious stuff, you'll be sending the right message.

Another way to be a good role model is to serve appropriate portions and not overeat. Talk about your feelings of fullness, especially with younger children. You might say, "This is delicious, but I'm full, so I'm going to stop eating." Similarly, parents who are always dieting or complaining about their bodies may foster these same negative feelings in their kids. Try to keep a positive approach about food.

Don't Battle Over Food

It's easy for food to become a source of conflict. Well-intentioned parents might find themselves bargaining or bribing kids so they eat the healthy food in front of them. A better strategy is to give kids some control, but to also limit the kind of foods available at home.

Kids should decide if they're hungry, what they will eat from the foods served, and when they're full. Parents control which foods are available to their kids, both at mealtime and between meals. Here are some guidelines to follow:

- Establish a predictable schedule of meals and snacks. It's OK to choose not to eat when both parents and kids know when to expect the next meal or snack.
- Don't force kids to clean their plates. Doing so teaches kids to override feelings of fullness.
- Don't bribe or reward kids with food. Avoid using dessert as the prize for eating the meal.
- Don't use food as a way of showing love. When you want to show love, give kids a hug, some of your time, or praise.

Get Kids Involved

Most kids will enjoy deciding what to make for dinner. Talk to them about making choices and planning a balanced meal. Some might even want to help shop for ingredients and prepare the meal. At the store, teach kids to check out food labels to begin understanding what to look for.

In the kitchen, select age-appropriate tasks so kids can play a part without getting injured or feeling overwhelmed. And at the end of the meal, don't forget to praise the chef.

School lunches can be another learning lesson for kids. More important, if you can get them thinking about what they eat for lunch, you might be able to help them make positive changes. Brainstorm about what kinds of foods they'd like for lunch or go to the grocery store to shop together for healthy, packable foods.

There's another important reason why kids should be involved: It can help prepare them to make good decisions on their own about the foods they want to eat. That's not to say they'll suddenly want a salad instead of french fries, but the mealtime habits you help create now **can** lead to a lifetime of healthier choices.

Check out some healthy recipes for kids of all ages.

Reviewed by: Elana Pearl Ben-Joseph, MD

Date reviewed: June 2018

Note: All information on KidsHealth® is for educational purposes only. For specific medical advice, diagnoses, and treatment, consult your doctor.

© 1995-2020 The Nemours Foundation. All rights reserved.

2 of 3 6/29/2020, 12:02 PM

Images provided by The Nemours Foundation, iStock, Getty Images, Veer, Shutterstock, and Clipart.com.

3 of 3

Healthy Eating

Post Test – January 2021

Please keep this test and certificate in your files for Licensing. You do not need to send it in to our office or the State.

1.	Be a by eating healthy yourself.
	Kids who take part in regular family meals are also more likely to snack
	on unhealthy foods.
	True or False?
3.	Family meals are a chance for parents to introduce kids to
	and to be role models for healthy eating.
4.	Involve your child in meal planning and
5.	Work fruits and vegetables into the daily routine, aiming for the goal of
	at least servings a day.
6.	Serve lean meats and other good sources of, such as fish,
	eggs, beans and nuts.
7.	Choose whole-grain breads and cereals so kids get more
8.	It's easy for food to become a source of conflict. A better strategy is to
	give kids some, but to also limit the kinds of foods
	available at home.
9.	Establish a schedule of meals and snacks.
10). In the kitchen, selecttasks so kids can play a
	part without getting injured or feeling overwhelmed.

December 2020 Quiz Answers. 1.Symptoms 2.Methylene Chloride 3.Alcohol 4.Raw/Heat 5.True 6.Spun Glass 7.Fire Retardant 8.False 9.Fire Safety 10.Front



P.O. Box 28487 • Austin, Texas 78755-8487 (512) 467-7916 • Toll Free (800) 369-9082 Fax (512) 467-1453 • Toll Free (888) 467-1455 www.swhuman.org

SOUTHWEST HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Sponsor of the

USDA CHILD AND ADULT CARE FOOD PROGRAM

is pleased to award

THIS CERTIFICATE

for completion of 30 minutes of training in

January 2021: Healthy Eating

A SELF-INSTRUCTIONAL COURSE (Quiz on reverse side must be completed for certificate to be valid)

This Family Day Care Provider supports the commitment to Quality Child Care as demonstrated by completion of this course

Given this date _____

Elizabeth Curtis Training Coordinator

Southwest Human Development Services

Malah luth